

□—Gamma matrix for rotations

Euler Rotation with a "correction" for left orientation (I guess. ...)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{EulerRot}(v) &:= \left[\begin{array}{l} \Omega 1(\alpha) := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \theta & \theta \\ \theta \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) & \\ \theta \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) & \end{bmatrix} \quad \Omega 2(\varphi) := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\varphi) & \theta \sin(\varphi) \\ \theta & 1 & \theta \\ -\sin(\varphi) & \theta \cos(\varphi) & \end{bmatrix} \quad \Omega 3(\vartheta) := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\vartheta) & -\sin(\vartheta) & \theta \\ \sin(\vartheta) & \cos(\vartheta) & \theta \\ \theta & \theta & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ R := \Omega 1(v_1) \cdot \Omega 2(v_2) \cdot \Omega 3(v_3) \\ \xrightarrow{T} \\ R \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Angles from the rotation matrix.

$$\text{EulerRotInv}(\gamma) := \left[\left[\text{atan}(\gamma_{32}, \gamma_{33}) \quad \text{atan}\left(-\gamma_{31}, \sqrt{(\gamma_{11})^2 + (\gamma_{21})^2}\right) - \text{atan}(\gamma_{21}, \gamma_{11}) \right] \right]$$

Fridel default "point of view" rotation matrix for plot 3D into 2D region plots

$$\gamma := \begin{bmatrix} -0.8232 & -0.4194 & 0.3827 \\ 0.5677 & -0.6187 & 0.543 \\ 0.009 & 0.6643 & 0.7474 \end{bmatrix}$$

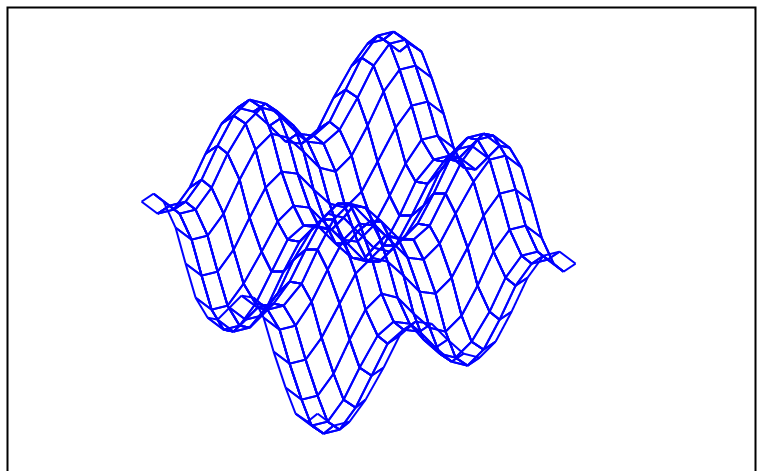
Angles from Fridel usual gamma

$$\Omega := \text{EulerRotInv}(\gamma) = [41.6312 \quad -0.5157 \quad -145.4088]^\circ$$

You can change those angles for get some new "point of view" matrix.

$$\text{EulerRot}(\Omega) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.8232 & -0.4194 & 0.3827 \\ 0.5677 & -0.6187 & 0.5431 \\ 0.009 & 0.6643 & 0.7474 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$f(u, v) := \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \\ \sin(2 \cdot u) + \sin(2 \cdot v) \end{bmatrix} \quad F := \text{CreateMesh}(f, -3, 3, -3, 3, 16, 16)$$

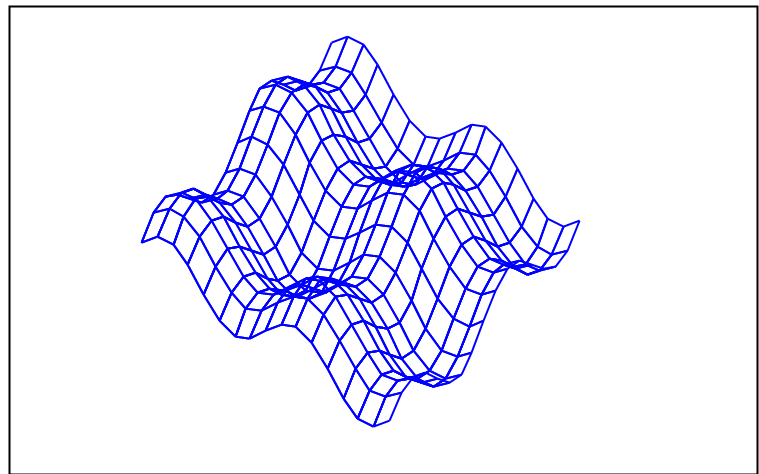
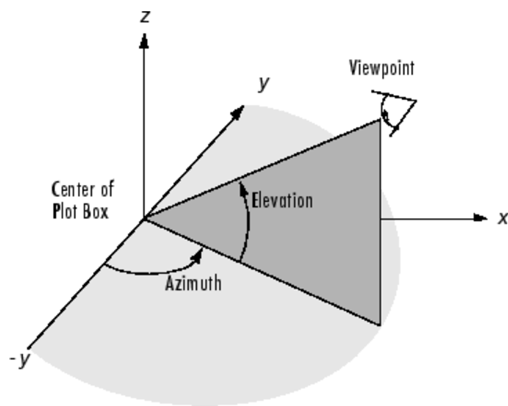


$$\begin{aligned}
 \Phi &:= \text{eval}(F \cdot \gamma) \\
 &\text{augment}(\text{col}(\Phi, 1), \text{col}(\Phi, 2))
 \end{aligned}$$

Using $\Omega := [30 \ 0 \ -37.5]^\circ$

$$\gamma := \text{EulerRot}(\Omega) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.7934 & -0.5272 & 0.3044 \\ 0.6088 & 0.6871 & -0.3967 \\ 0 & 0.5 & 0.866 \end{bmatrix}$$

Are those the matlab defaults?



```
 $\phi := \text{eval}(F \cdot \gamma)$ 
augment(col( $\phi$ , 1), col( $\phi$ , 2))
```

Default 2-D and 3-D Views

MATLAB automatically selects a viewpoint that is determined by whether the plot is 2-D or 3-D:

- For 2-D plots, the default is azimuth = 0° and elevation = 90° .
- For 3-D plots, the default is azimuth = -37.5° and elevation = 30° .

Matlab:

<https://la.mathworks.com/help/matlab/ref/view.html>

https://la.mathworks.com/help/matlab/creating_plots/setting-the-viewpoint-with-azimuth-and-elevation.html?lang=en

Alvaro